THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI UTTAMBHAI H. PATEL): (a) to (d). Government of India has been conducting Concurrent Evaluation on IRDP since October, 1985. So far three rounds of Concurrent Evaluation have been completed. The survey work is carried out by Independent Research Institutions all over the country and the data/information are collected form 2 blocks each form 36 selected districts on a random sample basis.

According to the third round of Concurrent Evaluation for the period from January-December, 1989, the assets were found intact in 71% cases at the national level. Among those cases where the assets were not intact, the reasons varied from unexpected events like illness and deaths, and inadequate income generation, to household consumption requirements etc. The Evaluation Report also brought out that the assets provided had generated additional income (net cost of maintenance and repayment of loan) of more than Rs. 2000 in 42% cases, between Rs. 1001 and Rs. 2000 in 18% cases and between Rs. 501-1000 in 9% cases. The total annual family income of beneficiaries was more than 50% of their initial annual income in 43% cases. Such increase was even more than 100% of the initial assessed annual income in 20% cases.

Among the various schemes provided under IRDP the minor irrigation schemes and shops had helped the beneficiaries in crossing the poverty line of Rs. 6400 in 40% to 44% cases and Handlooms, Tailoring and Knitting and Bullock Carts in 30% to 31% cases.

[*Translation*]

Wheat, Rice and Sugar Allotted to Uttar Pradesh

178. SHRI BHUWAN CHANDRA KHANDURI: Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) the total quantity of wheat, rice and sugar allotted to Uttar Pradesh during 1990-91;

(b) whether the quantity is less than the demand made by the State Government;

(c) the quantity taken by the State Government out of the allotted quota;

(d) whether the Government have received any complaint to the effect that foodgrains are not available in sufficient quantity in certain parts of the State; and

(e) if so, whether more foodgrains will be allotted to the State Government to meet the situation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD (SHRI TARUN GOGOI): (a) to (c). The demand, allotment and offtake of wheat and rice during the year 1990-91 (April-March) was as under:

(In' 000 tonnes)

	Wheat	*Rice*
Demand	830.0	460.0
Allotment	690.9	370.0
offtake	401.6	237.7

As regards sugar, allotments to most of the States/UTs are based on the uniform norms. The allotment of sugar for Uttar Pradesh for the yaar 1990-91 was 651.05 thousand tonnes. As Uttar Pradesh is a direct allottee State, offtake figures are not maintained by the Central Government.

(d) Yes,Sir. It was reported in September/October, 1991 that the allocation of foodgrains to Garhwal area had been reduced by the State Government.

(e) While allocations of foodgrains from the Central Pool to the various States/UTs are meant for the State as a whole and distribution within the State, including its coverage and scale of issue to the consumers is decided by the State Government, the allocation of wheat to the State has been increased by 5000 tonnes in October, 1991 and 10,000 tonnes in November, 1991. Similarly the allocation of rice to the State has been increased form 27,500 tonnes in June, 1991 to 30,000 tonnes in July, 1991 and to 35,000 tonnes for August-October, 1991. For November, 1991 the allocation has been made at the level of 40,000 tonnes.

Distribution of kerosene through Public Distribution System

179. SHRI ARJUN SINGH YADAV: will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the distribution of kerosene oil through Public Distribution System in Delhi involves corruption;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the number of cases of black marketing of kerosene oil registered during the last two years; and

(d) the number of complaints received by the Government regarding irregular distribution of kerosene oil and the number of cases registered so far?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL SUPPLIES AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI KAMALUDDIN AHMED): (a) and (b). Whenever complaints about malpractices in the distribution of kerosene oil are received, they are enquired into by the Delhi Administration. Complaints generally relate to non issue of kerosene oil to card holders, short measurement, misbehavior of retailers and diversion of kerosene oil meant for Public Distribution System.

(c) Delhi Administration has lodged 26 First Information Report (FIR) for violation of the Control Order.

(d) 312 complaints were received during this year and in 23 cases, FIRs were registered.

[*English*]

Proposal to establish a National Edible Oil Grid

180. SHRI LOKANATH CHOUDHURY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are considering a proposal to establish a National Edible Oil Grid to root out black marketing and corruption in the field; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL SUPPLIES AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI KAMALUDDIN AHMED): (a) and (b). National Dairy Development Board (NDDB) is planning for creation of a National Oil Grid linking production centres with consumers centre so as to reduce the influence and adverse impact of